



Support excisional wound healing with **fresh** placental membranes

Cover, protect, and support an optimal environment
for second intention healing with Affinity® and Novachor™,
the only fresh placental allograft coverings.¹⁻⁷



Second intention healing is a **viable** option for excisional surgeries, including Mohs procedures

**Appropriate for defects from head-to-toe
in a variety of clinical scenarios:**

1.

Defects with
exposed bone or
cartilage^{8,9}

2.

Patients who are
not good candidates
for flaps or grafts¹⁰

3.

Poor quality
and quantity
of donor tissue¹⁰

4.

Desire to avoid
a second
surgical site¹¹⁻¹³

**Disadvantages of
second intention healing¹⁴**

Prolonged healing
and post-operative care

Dyspigmented scars

**Advantages of
second intention healing^{14,15}**

Rapid and effective detection
of tumor recurrence

No donor site scarring

Efficient and cost-effective
(no additional surgical procedures)

Very low risk of
postoperative complications

**Use placental allografts to cover, protect,
and support a healing environment^{1-3,7,16}**

Placental allografts
have been trusted for over a century
and are commonly used
in chronic wounds^{7,16}

Fresh, unprocessed
placental tissues contain:



Cells^{7,17,18}



Growth factors
and cytokines^{4,7}




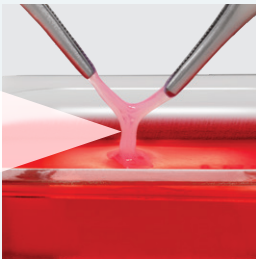


Collagen-rich
matrix^{7,17,18}



The Organogenesis Fresh Family

The only fresh placental allograft coverings that retain **viable** cells

AlloFresh™ hypothermically preserves Affinity® and Novachor™ to be the closest to native tissue^{4,5,17-25}

I Affinity®	 AMNION		Viable cells ^{4,17,19,20} Epithelial cells and fibroblasts Native ECM structure ^{4,17,18,21,24} Multiple ECM proteins, including collagen types I, III, V, VI, and hyaluronic acid
I Novachor™	 CHORION		Growth factors/cytokines ^{4,22,23} Analytical testing (for Affinity) has shown that the level of these factors is similar to unprocessed amniotic membrane ²² Spongy layer (Affinity) ⁴ Native spongy layer contains proteoglycans and glycoproteins ¹⁷

Note: Affinity and Novachor are intended for use as barriers and coverings for wounds.
ECM=extracellular matrix.

Supporting an optimal healing environment

In a randomized controlled trial in diabetic foot ulcers (DFUs; N=76),
Affinity, as a covering for wounds, resulted in:³

60% of DFUs closed at 12 weeks with Affinity
compared to 38% with SOC* ($P=0.04$)

Median time to
DFU closure with Affinity
was 11 weeks

SOC failed to
attain this endpoint
at 16 weeks

*SOC=standard of care; included debridement, infection elimination, dressings, and offloading by total contact casting.

CASE STUDY: Mohs surgery for a basal cell carcinoma in a 73-year-old female | Courtesy of Anthony Benedetto, DO, FACP



Patient received a total of 6 Affinity applications

Support excisional wound healing with **fresh** solutions

Second intention healing remains a viable option

Appropriate for defects from head-to-toe, including the scalp and shin, and in a variety of clinical scenarios⁸⁻¹³

Placental allografts support a healing environment

Fresh, unprocessed placental allograft tissues contain cells, growth factors/cytokines, and collagen-rich matrix^{4,7,17,18}

Affinity® and Novachor™ are the only fresh placental allograft coverings

With AlloFresh™, Affinity and Novachor retain viable cells, growth factors/cytokines, and the native ECM structure and are the closest choice to native tissue^{1-7,17-25}

Cover, protect, and support an optimal healing environment with Affinity and Novachor.



To order Affinity and Novachor, talk to your Organogenesis Tissue Regeneration Specialist or call **1-888-432-5232**.

Product Information

Product	Code	Size	Total area	Thickness	Application	Storage
Affinity	AF-1150	1.5 x 1.5 cm	2.25 cm ²	~60 µm	Stromal side on wound	Maintain at refrigerated temperature between 1 °C and 10 °C
Affinity	AF-1250	2.5 x 2.5 cm	6.25 cm ²	~60 µm	Stromal side on wound	
Novachor	VC-1527	1.5 x 2.75 cm	4.125 cm ²	~160 µm	Either side on wound	

See complete prescribing information at freshfamily.com

References: 1. Allograft Tissue Information and Affinity Instructions for Use. Canton, MA: Organogenesis Inc; 2021. 2. Allograft Tissue Information and Novachor Instructions for Use. Canton, MA: Organogenesis Inc; 2021. 3. Serena TE, et al. *J Comp Eff Res*. 2020;9(1):23-34. 4. McQuilling JP, et al. *Int Wound J*. 2017;14(6):993-1005. 5. Data on file. Nov_DR-0002. Organogenesis Inc. 6. Abshier S. *Podiatry Today*. 2015;28(11):20-26. 7. Brantley JN, et al. *Adv Wound Care*. 2015;4(9):545-559. 8. Becker GD, et al. *Otolaryngol Head Neck Surg*. 1999;121:751-754. 9. Cordoro KM, Russell MA. *Facial Plast Surg Clin North Am*. 2005;13(2):215-230. 10. Toman J, et al. *Facial Plast Surg Aesthet Med*. 2022;24(1):48-53. 11. Ramesh BA, et al. *J Cutan Aesthet Surg*. 2017;10(1):18-21. 12. Akhoondinasab MR, et al. *Ann Burns Fire Disasters*. 2019;32(3):210-215. 13. Humrich M, et al. *Int Wound J*. 2018;15(2):266-273. 14. Schwartzman G, et al. *Arch Dermatol Res*. 2022;314(1):17-23. 15. Liu KY, et al. *Ann Plast Surg*. 2020;85(S1 Suppl 1):S28-S32. 16. Rizzuti A et al. *Chronic Wound Care Manage Res*. 2014;1:67-72. 17. Niknejad H, et al. *Eur Cells Mater*. 2008;15:88-99. 18. Mamede AC, et al. *Cell Tiss Res*. 2012;349:447-458. 19. Data on file. DR-0008. Organogenesis Inc. 20. Data on file. Novachor product verification report. Novachor-020. Organogenesis Inc. 21. Data on file. Nov_DR-0001 rev 1. Organogenesis Inc. 22. Data on file. DR-0007. Organogenesis Inc. 23. Data on file. Nov_DR-0003. Organogenesis Inc. 24. Data on file. AF_DR-0011 rev 1. Organogenesis Inc. 25. Data on file. DR-0005. Organogenesis Inc.